

MANAGEMENT OF UNIVERSAL WASTE:

- ◆ Universal Wastes do not have to be stored in a hazardous waste 90-day accumulation area.
- ◆ Universal Wastes do not count toward hazardous waste generation amounts.
- ◆ Universal wastes do not have to be transported by a hazardous waste transporter using a hazardous waste manifest.

UNIVERSAL WASTE DESTINATION FACILITIES:**

- ◆ A RCRA (Resource, Conservation and Recovery) treatment, storage and disposal facility (TSDF)
- ◆ A Class D recycling center.

REPORTING REQUIREMENTS:

Most of the businesses in Galloway Township will be considered “**SMALL QUANTITY HANDLERS**” (accumulating less than 11,000 lbs. of universal waste at any given time) and therefore there are not subject to reporting requirements at this time. **However, some rules do apply:**

- ◆ All universal waste must be labeled.
- ◆ UW cannot be accumulated for longer than one year (records must be maintained).
- ◆ UW must be sent to another handler or a destination facility.
- ◆ Containers of oil-based finishes may not be opened.
- ◆ You must inform employees of proper handling and emergency procedures.
- ◆ You must contain all releases of universal wastes.

***For a complete list of destination facilities and Class D recycling centers:*

www.state.nj.us/dep/dshw/blrm

or call my office:

GALLOWAY COMMUNITY SERVICES

A Division of Public Works

652-8657 ext. 10

New Jersey’s Recycling Regulations are available on-line at:
www.nj.gov/dep/dshw/resource/rules.htm

Federal Universal Waste Rule (40CFR 273) is available on-line
at
www.epa.gov



NEW JERSEY’S UNIVERSAL WASTE RULE: *What it Means to Your Business....*

DEFINITION: “Universal Waste is a specific hazardous waste stream that has been designated by EPA or a state as universal waste.” The Universal Waste Rule provides alternative management options for specific hazardous waste streams.

NEW JERSEY UNIVERSAL WASTES INCLUDE:

- ◆ **Batteries**– *Devices consisting of one or more electrically connected electrochemical cells which is designed to receive, store, and deliver electric energy. Does not include alkaline batteries*.*
- ◆ **Pesticides**
- ◆ **Thermostats**
- ◆ **Hazardous Waste Lamps**– *The bulb or tube portion of an electric lighting device. Examples of common universal waste lamps include fluorescent, high intensity discharge, neon, mercury vapor, high pressure sodium, and metal halide lamps.*
- ◆ **Mercury-containing Devices**- *Any product component which uses elemental mercury, sealed in an ampule or other container, as a functional component. Examples include mercury switches and thermometers.*
- ◆ **Consumer Electronics**- *Any appliance used in the home or business that includes circuitry. Includes components and subassemblies of the electronic products. Examples include computers, printers, copiers, VCR’s, televisions.*
- ◆ **Oil-based Finishes**– *Any paint or other finish which may exhibit a hazardous waste characteristic or contains a listed hazardous waste. Must be in original packaging, Examples include oil-based paints, lacquers, stains and aerosol paint cans.*

* May be safely disposed of in regular trash

